



Shoulder and Arm Conditions Disability Benefits Questionnaire

Name of Patient/Veteran: **RAMSEY, JUBAR D**
Patient/Veteran Social Security Number: **220-27-1013**

Is this DBQ being completed in conjunction with a VA21-2507, C&P examination request?

☒ Yes ☐ No

If no, how was the examination completed (check all that apply)?

- ☐ In-person examination
☐ Records reviewed
☐ Other, please specify:

Comments:

Acceptable Clinical Evidence (ACE)

Indicate method used to obtain medical information to complete this document:

- ☐ Review of available records (without in-person or video telehealth examination) using the Acceptable Clinical Evidence (ACE) process because the existing medical evidence provided sufficient information on which to prepare the DBQ and such an examination will likely provide no additional relevant evidence.
☐ Review of available records in conjunction with a telephone interview with the Veteran (without in-person or telehealth examination) using the ACE process because the existing medical evidence supplemented with a telephone interview provided sufficient information on which to prepare the DBQ and such an examination would likely provide no additional relevant evidence.
☐ Examination via approved video telehealth
☒ In-person examination

Evidence Review

Evidence Reviewed (check all that apply):

- ☐ Not requested
☐ No records were reviewed
☐ VA claims file (hard copy paper C-file)
☒ VA e-folder (VBMS or Virtual VA)
☐ CPRS
☐ Other (please identify other evidence reviewed):

Evidence comments:

Section I - Diagnosis

NOTE: These are condition(s) for which an evaluation has been requested on an exam request form (Internal VA) or for which the Veteran has requested medical evidence be provided for submission to VA.

1A. List the claimed condition(s) that pertain to this DBQ

Service connection exam: Right shoulder pain condition

NOTE: These are the diagnoses determined during this current evaluation of the claimed condition(s) listed above. If there is "No diagnosis", or if the diagnosis is different from a previous diagnosis for this condition, if there is a diagnosis of a complication due to the claimed condition, explain your findings and reasons in the comments section. Date of diagnosis can be the date of the evaluation if the clinician is making the initial diagnosis, or an approximate date determined through record review or reported history.

1B. Select diagnoses associated with the claimed condition(s) (Check all that apply):

- ☐ The Veteran does not have a current diagnosis associated with any claimed condition listed above. (Explain your findings and reasons in comments section.)

☒ Shoulder strain

ICD Code: S46

Date of Diagnosis: Right S46. Left

Side affected: ☒ Right ☐ Left ☐ Both

☐ Shoulder impingement syndrome

ICD Code: M75

Date of Diagnosis: Right Left

Side affected: ☐ Right ☐ Left ☐ Both

☐ Bicipital tendonitis

ICD Code: M75

Date of Diagnosis: Right Left

Side affected: ☐ Right ☐ Left ☐ Both

☐ Bicipital tendon tear

ICD Code: M66

Date of Diagnosis: Right Left

Side affected: ☐ Right ☐ Left ☐ Both

☐ Rotator cuff tendonitis

ICD Code: M75

Date of Diagnosis: Right Left

Side affected: ☐ Right ☐ Left ☐ Both

☐ Rotator cuff tear

ICD Code: M75

Date of Diagnosis: Right Left

Side affected: ☐ Right ☐ Left ☐ Both

☐ Labral tear, including SLAP (*Superior labral anterior-posterior lesion*)

ICD Code: S43

Date of Diagnosis: Right Left

Side affected: ☐ Right ☐ Left ☐ Both

☐ Subacromial/subdeltoid bursitis

ICD Code: M75

Date of Diagnosis: Right Left

Side affected: ☐ Right ☐ Left ☐ Both

☐ Glenohumeral joint osteoarthritis

ICD Code: M19

Date of Diagnosis: Right Left

Side affected: ☐ Right ☐ Left ☐ Both

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ICD Code: Date of Diagnosis: Right Left

Side affected: ☐ Right ☐ Left ☐ Both

If there are additional diagnoses that pertain to shoulder conditions, list using above format:

1C. Comments, If Any:

Section II - Medical History

2A. Describe the history (including onset and course) of the Veteran's Shoulder or Arm condition (brief summary):

The Veteran stated that he developed right shoulder pain in 2012. He stated that during Combat training he fell on his right shoulder. He was given Motrin and muscle relaxer, no x-ray was done. He was told that it was a strain. Currently he stated that his right shoulder is weaker than is left shoulder when he lifts weight in the Gym and picking up something. He is currently taking Tylenol

2B. Dominant hand:

☒ Right ☐ Left ☐ Ambidextrous

2C. Does the Veteran report flare-ups of the Shoulder or Arm?

☒ Yes ☐ No

If yes, document the Veteran's description of the flare-ups in his or her own words:

He reports flare-up during sleeping that wakes him up with pain, severity of pain 7-8/10

2D. Does the Veteran report having any functional loss or functional impairment of the joint or extremity being evaluated on this dbq (regardless of repetitive use)?

☒ Yes ☐ No

If yes, document the Veteran's description of functional loss or functional impairment in his or her own words:

Veteran reports pain in the morning, not able to lift things above his right shoulder due to pain

Section III - Initial Range Of Motion (ROM) and Functional Limitation

Measure ROM with a goniometer. During the examination be cognizant of painful motion, which could be evidenced by visible behavior such as facial expression, wincing, etc..., on pressure or manipulation.

Following the initial assessment of ROM, perform repetitive use testing. For VA purposes, repetitive use testing must be included in all joint exams. The VA has determined that 3 repetitions of ROM (at a minimum) can serve as a representative test of the effect of repetitive use. After the initial measurement, reassess ROM after 3 repetitions. Report post-test measurements in question 3.

3A. Initial ROM Measurements

ROM All Normal FOR RIGHT and LEFT SHOULDER

☐ Yes ☒ No

If no, please select below:

☐ 0 ☐ 5 ☐ 10 ☐ 15 ☐ 20 ☐ 25 ☐ 30 ☐ 35 ☐ 40

☐ 45 ☐ 50 ☐ 55 ☐ 60 ☐ 65 ☐ 70 ☐ 75 ☐ 80 ☐ 85
☒ 90

If "Unable to test" or "Not indicated", please explain:

If abnormal, does the range of motion itself contribute to a functional loss?

☒ Yes (If yes, please explain)
☐ No

Abnormal ROM due to unable to fully perform normal range of motion right shoulder

If ROM is outside of "normal" range, but is normal for the Veteran (for reasons other than a shoulder condition, such as age, body habitus, neurologic disease), please describe:

Description of Pain (select the best response):

Right Shoulder

☐ No pain noted on exam
☐ Pain noted on exam on rest / non-movement
☒ Pain noted on exam but does not result in / cause functional loss
☐ Pain noted on examination and causes functional loss

If noted on examination, which ROM exhibited pain (select all that apply):

☒ Flexion ☒ External Rotation ☒ Abduction ☒ Internal Rotation

Is there evidence of pain with weight bearing?

☒ Yes ☐ No

Is there objective evidence of localized tenderness or pain on palpation of the joint or associated soft tissue?

Right Shoulder: ☒ Yes ☐ No

If yes, please explain. Include location, severity, and relationship to condition(s).

Pain in the Acromioclavicular region

☐ Mild ☒ Moderate ☐ Severe

Consistent with diagnosis of Strain

Is there objective evidence of crepitus?

☐ Yes ☒ No

Left Shoulder

☒ No pain noted on exam
☐ Pain noted on exam on rest / non-movement
☐ Pain noted on exam but does not result in / cause functional loss
☐ Pain noted on examination and causes functional loss

If noted on examination, which ROM exhibited pain (select all that apply):

☐ Flexion ☐ External Rotation ☐ Abduction ☐ Internal Rotation

Is there evidence of pain with weight bearing?

☐ Yes ☒ No

Is there objective evidence of localized tenderness or pain on palpation of the joint or associated soft tissue?

Left Shoulder: ☐ Yes ☒ No

☐ Mild ☐ Moderate ☐ Severe

☐ Yes ☒ No

☐ Yes ☐ No

Right Shoulder Internal Rotation ends

☐ 0 ☐ 5 ☐ 10 ☐ 15 ☐ 20 ☐ 25 ☐ 30 ☐ 35 ☐ 40
☐ 45 ☐ 50 ☐ 55 ☐ 60 ☒ 65 ☐ 70 ☐ 75 ☐ 80 ☐ 85
☐ 90

Right Shoulder External Rotation ends

☐ 0 ☐ 5 ☐ 10 ☐ 15 ☐ 20 ☐ 25 ☐ 30 ☐ 35 ☐ 40
☐ 45 ☐ 50 ☐ 55 ☐ 60 ☒ 65 ☐ 70 ☐ 75 ☐ 80 ☐ 85
☐ 90

Select all factors that cause this functional loss:

☒ N/A ☒ Pain ☐ Fatigue
☐ Weakness ☒ Lack of endurance ☐ Incoordination

Left Shoulder post-test ROM

Left Shoulder Flexion ends

☐ 0 ☐ 5 ☐ 10 ☐ 15 ☐ 20 ☐ 25 ☐ 30 ☐ 35 ☐ 40
☐ 45 ☐ 50 ☐ 55 ☐ 60 ☐ 65 ☐ 70 ☐ 75 ☐ 80 ☐ 85
☐ 90 ☐ 95 ☐ 100 ☐ 105 ☐ 110 ☐ 115 ☐ 120 ☐ 125 ☐ 130
☐ 135 ☐ 140 ☐ 145 ☐ 150 ☐ 155 ☐ 160 ☐ 165 ☐ 170 ☐ 175
☒ 180

Left Shoulder Abduction ends

☐ 0 ☐ 5 ☐ 10 ☐ 15 ☐ 20 ☐ 25 ☐ 30 ☐ 35 ☐ 40
☐ 45 ☐ 50 ☐ 55 ☐ 60 ☐ 65 ☐ 70 ☐ 75 ☐ 80 ☐ 85
☐ 90 ☐ 95 ☐ 100 ☐ 105 ☐ 110 ☐ 115 ☐ 120 ☐ 125 ☐ 130
☐ 135 ☐ 140 ☐ 145 ☐ 150 ☐ 155 ☐ 160 ☐ 165 ☐ 170 ☐ 175
☒ 180

Left Shoulder Internal Rotation ends

☐ 0 ☐ 5 ☐ 10 ☐ 15 ☐ 20 ☐ 25 ☐ 30 ☐ 35 ☐ 40
☐ 45 ☐ 50 ☐ 55 ☐ 60 ☐ 65 ☐ 70 ☐ 75 ☐ 80 ☐ 85
☒ 90

Left Shoulder External Rotation ends

☐ 0 ☐ 5 ☐ 10 ☐ 15 ☐ 20 ☐ 25 ☐ 30 ☐ 35 ☐ 40
☐ 45 ☐ 50 ☐ 55 ☐ 60 ☐ 65 ☐ 70 ☐ 75 ☐ 80 ☐ 85
☒ 90

Select all factors that cause this functional loss:

☒ N/A ☐ Pain ☐ Fatigue
☐ Weakness ☐ Lack of endurance ☐ Incoordination

3C. Repeated Use Over Time

Right Shoulder

Is the Veteran being examined immediately after repetitive use over time?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If the examination is **not** being conducted immediately after repetitive use over time:

- ☐ The examination is medically consistent with the Veteran's statements describing functional loss with repetitive use over time.
- ☐ The examination is medically inconsistent with the Veteran's statements describing functional loss with repetitive use over time.
- ☒ The examination is neither medically consistent or inconsistent with the Veteran's statements describing functional loss with repetitive use over time.

If the examination is medically inconsistent with the Veteran's statements of functional loss, please explain:

Does pain, weakness, fatigability or incoordination significantly limit functional ability with repeated use over a period of time?

- ☐ Yes ☒ No ☐ Unable to say without mere speculation

Select all factors that cause this functional loss:

- ☒ N/A ☐ Pain ☐ Fatigue
☐ Weakness ☐ Lack of endurance ☐ Incoordination

Are you able to describe in terms of Range of Motion?

- ☐ Yes ☐ No

If no, please describe:

Right Shoulder Flexion

- ☐ 0 ☐ 5 ☐ 10 ☐ 15 ☐ 20 ☐ 25 ☐ 30 ☐ 35 ☐ 40
☐ 45 ☐ 50 ☐ 55 ☐ 60 ☐ 65 ☐ 70 ☐ 75 ☐ 80 ☐ 85
☐ 90 ☐ 95 ☐ 100 ☐ 105 ☐ 110 ☐ 115 ☐ 120 ☐ 125 ☐ 130
☐ 135 ☐ 140 ☐ 145 ☐ 150 ☐ 155 ☐ 160 ☐ 165 ☐ 170 ☐ 175
☐ 180

Right Shoulder Abduction

- ☐ 0 ☐ 5 ☐ 10 ☐ 15 ☐ 20 ☐ 25 ☐ 30 ☐ 35 ☐ 40
☐ 45 ☐ 50 ☐ 55 ☐ 60 ☐ 65 ☐ 70 ☐ 75 ☐ 80 ☐ 85
☐ 90 ☐ 95 ☐ 100 ☐ 105 ☐ 110 ☐ 115 ☐ 120 ☐ 125 ☐ 130
☐ 135 ☐ 140 ☐ 145 ☐ 150 ☐ 155 ☐ 160 ☐ 165 ☐ 170 ☐ 175
☐ 180

Right Shoulder Internal Rotation

- ☐ 0 ☐ 5 ☐ 10 ☐ 15 ☐ 20 ☐ 25 ☐ 30 ☐ 35 ☐ 40
☐ 45 ☐ 50 ☐ 55 ☐ 60 ☐ 65 ☐ 70 ☐ 75 ☐ 80 ☐ 85
☐ 90

Right Shoulder External Rotation

- ☐ 0 ☐ 5 ☐ 10 ☐ 15 ☐ 20 ☐ 25 ☐ 30 ☐ 35 ☐ 40
☐ 45 ☐ 50 ☐ 55 ☐ 60 ☐ 65 ☐ 70 ☐ 75 ☐ 80 ☐ 85
☐ 90

Left Shoulder

Is the Veteran being examined immediately after repetitive use over time?

- ☐ Yes ☒ No

If the examination is **not** being conducted immediately after repetitive use over time:

- If the examination is medically inconsistent with the Veteran's statements of functional loss, please explain:

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loss during flare up.

☐ The examination is medically inconsistent with the Veteran's statements describing functional loss during flare up.

☒ The examination is neither medically consistent or inconsistent with the Veteran's statements describing functional loss during flare up

If the examination is medically inconsistent with the Veteran's statements of functional loss, please explain:

Does pain, weakness, fatigability or incoordination significantly limit functional ability with flare ups?

☐ Yes ☒ No ☐ Unable to say without mere speculation

Select all factors that cause this functional loss:

☒ N/A ☐ Pain ☐ Fatigue
☐ Weakness ☐ Lack of endurance ☐ Incoordination

Are you able to describe in terms of Range of Motion?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If no, please describe:

Left Shoulder Flexion

☐ 0 ☐ 5 ☐ 10 ☐ 15 ☐ 20 ☐ 25 ☐ 30 ☐ 35 ☐ 40
☐ 45 ☐ 50 ☐ 55 ☐ 60 ☐ 65 ☐ 70 ☐ 75 ☐ 80 ☐ 85
☐ 90 ☐ 95 ☐ 100 ☐ 105 ☐ 110 ☐ 115 ☐ 120 ☐ 125 ☐ 130
☐ 135 ☐ 140 ☐ 145 ☐ 150 ☐ 155 ☐ 160 ☐ 165 ☐ 170 ☐ 175
☐ 180

Left Shoulder Abduction

☐ 0 ☐ 5 ☐ 10 ☐ 15 ☐ 20 ☐ 25 ☐ 30 ☐ 35 ☐ 40
☐ 45 ☐ 50 ☐ 55 ☐ 60 ☐ 65 ☐ 70 ☐ 75 ☐ 80 ☐ 85
☐ 90 ☐ 95 ☐ 100 ☐ 105 ☐ 110 ☐ 115 ☐ 120 ☐ 125 ☐ 130
☐ 135 ☐ 140 ☐ 145 ☐ 150 ☐ 155 ☐ 160 ☐ 165 ☐ 170 ☐ 175
☐ 180

Left Shoulder Internal Rotation

☐ 0 ☐ 5 ☐ 10 ☐ 15 ☐ 20 ☐ 25 ☐ 30 ☐ 35 ☐ 40
☐ 45 ☐ 50 ☐ 55 ☐ 60 ☐ 65 ☐ 70 ☐ 75 ☐ 80 ☐ 85
☐ 90

Left Shoulder External Rotation

☐ 0 ☐ 5 ☐ 10 ☐ 15 ☐ 20 ☐ 25 ☐ 30 ☐ 35 ☐ 40
☐ 45 ☐ 50 ☐ 55 ☐ 60 ☐ 65 ☐ 70 ☐ 75 ☐ 80 ☐ 85
☐ 90

3E. Additional Factors Contributing to Disability

In addition to those addressed above, are there additional contributing factors of disability? Please select all that apply and describe:

☒ None

☐ Right ☒ Left

☒ Less movement than normal (due to ankylosis, limitation or blocking, adhesions, tendon-tie-

- ups, contracted scars, etc.)
☒ Right ☐ Left
Decreased ROM
☐ More movement than normal (from flail joints, resections, Nonunion of fractures, relaxation of ligaments, etc.)
☐ Right ☐ Left

☒ Weakened movement (due to muscle injury, disease or injury of peripheral nerves, divided or lengthened tendons, etc.)
☒ Right ☐ Left
Decreased muscle strength
☐ Swelling
☐ Right ☐ Left

☐ Deformity
☐ Right ☐ Left

☐ Atrophy of disuse
☐ Right ☐ Left

☐ Instability of station
☐ Right ☐ Left

☐ Disturbance of locomotion
☐ Right ☐ Left

☐ Interference with sitting
☐ Right ☐ Left

☐ Interference with standing
☐ Right ☐ Left

☐ **Other**, describe:
☐ Right ☐ Left

Section IV - Muscle Strength Testing

4A. Muscle strength-rate strength according to the following scale:

- 0/5 No muscle movement
1/5 Palpable or visible muscle contraction, but No joint movement
2/5 Active movement with gravity eliminated
3/5 Active movement against gravity
4/5 Active movement against some resistance
5/5 Normal strength

Shoulder flexion: Right ☐ 5/5 ☒ 4/5 ☐ 3/5 ☐ 2/5 ☐ 1/5 ☐ 0/5

Shoulder abduction:	Left	☒ 5/5	☐ 4/5	☐ 3/5	☐ 2/5	☐ 1/5	☐ 0/5
	Right	☐ 5/5	☒ 4/5	☐ 3/5	☐ 2/5	☐ 1/5	☐ 0/5
	Left	☒ 5/5	☐ 4/5	☐ 3/5	☐ 2/5	☐ 1/5	☐ 0/5

Is there a reduction in muscle strength?

Right:

☐ Yes ☒ No

If yes, is the reduction entirely due to the claimed condition in the Diagnosis section?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If no (the reduction is not entirely due to the claimed condition), provide rationale:

Left:

☐ Yes ☒ No

If yes, is the reduction entirely due to the claimed condition in the Diagnosis section?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If no (the reduction is not entirely due to the claimed condition), provide rationale:

4B. Does the Veteran have muscle atrophy?

☐ Yes☒ No

If yes, is the muscle atrophy due to the claimed condition in the diagnosis section?

☐ Yes☐ No

If no, provide rationale:

For any muscle atrophy due to a diagnoses listed in Section 1, indicate side and specific location of atrophy, providing measurements in centimeters of normal side and corresponding atrophied side, measured at maximum muscle bulk.

Location of muscle atrophy:

☐ Right upper extremity (specify location of measurement such as "10cm above or below elbow"):

Circumference of more normal side: cm

Circumference of atrophied side: cm

☐ Left upper extremity (specify location of measurement such as "10cm above or below elbow"):

Circumference of more normal side: cm

Circumference of atrophied side: cm

4C. Comments, If Any:

Section V - Ankylosis

NOTE: Ankylosis is the immobilization and consolidation of a joint due to disease, injury or surgical procedure.

Complete this section if Veteran has ankylosis of scapulohumeral (glenohumeral) articulation (shoulder joint) (i.e., the scapula and humerus move as one piece.)

Right Side	Left Side
☒ No ankylosis	☒ No ankylosis
☐ Ankylosis in abduction up to 60 degrees; can reach mouth and head (<i>Favorable ankylosis</i>)	☐ Ankylosis in abduction up to 60 degrees; can reach mouth and head (<i>Favorable ankylosis</i>)
☐ Ankylosis in abduction between favorable and unfavorable (<i>Intermediate ankylosis</i>)	☐ Ankylosis in abduction between favorable and unfavorable (<i>Intermediate ankylosis</i>)
☐ Ankylosis in abduction at 25 degrees or less from side (<i>Unfavorable ankylosis</i>)	☐ Ankylosis in abduction at 25 degrees or less from side (<i>Unfavorable ankylosis</i>)

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Empty-can test (Abduct arm to 90 degrees and forward flex 30 degrees. Patient turns thumbs down and resists downward force applied by the examiner. Weakness indicates a positive test; may indicate rotator cuff pathology, including supraspinatus tendinopathy or tear.)

☐ Positive ☐ Negative ☐ Unable to perform ☐ N/A

External rotation/Infraspinatus strength test (Patient holds arm at side with elbow flexed 90 degrees. Patient externally rotates against resistance. Weakness indicates a positive test; may be associated with infraspinatus tendinopathy or tear.)

☐ Positive ☐ Negative ☐ Unable to perform ☐ N/A

Lift-off subscapularis test (Patient internally rotates arm behind lower back, pushes against examiner's hand. Weakness indicates a positive test; may indicate subscapularis tendinopathy or tear.)

☐ Positive ☐ Negative ☐ Unable to perform ☐ N/A

Section VII - Shoulder Instability, Dislocation Or Labral Pathology

7A. Is shoulder instability, dislocation or labral pathology suspected?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If Yes, complete questions 7B-7D below.

7B. Is there a history of mechanical symptoms (clicking, catching, etc.)?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If yes, indicate side affected: ☐ Right ☐ Left ☐ Both

7C. Is there a history of recurrent dislocation (subluxation) of the glenohumeral (scapulohumeral) joint?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If Yes, indicate frequency, severity and side affected (check all that apply):

☐ Infrequent episodes	☐ Right	☐ Left	☐ Both
☐ Frequent episodes	☐ Right	☐ Left	☐ Both
☐ Guarding of movement only at shoulder level	☐ Right	☐ Left	☐ Both
☐ Guarding of all arm movements	☐ Right	☐ Left	☐ Both

7D. Crank apprehension and relocation test (with patient supine, abduct patient's arm to 90 degrees and flex elbow 90 degrees. Pain and sense of instability with further external rotation may indicate shoulder instability.)

☐ Positive ☐ Negative ☐ Unable to perform ☐ N/A

If positive, side affected: ☐ Right ☐ Left ☐ Both

Section VIII - Clavicle, Scapula, Acromioclavicular (AC) Joint And Sternoclavicular Joint Conditions

8A. Is a clavicle, scapula, acromioclavicular (AC) joint or sternoclavicular joint condition suspected?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If Yes, complete questions 8B, 8D and 8E below.

8B. Does the Veteran have an AC joint condition or any other impairment of the clavicle or scapula?

Date of surgery: Residuals: ☐ None ☐ Intermediate degrees of residual weakness, pain or limitation of motion ☐ Chronic residuals consisting of severe painful motion of weakness ☐ Other, describe:	Date of surgery: Residuals: ☐ None ☐ Intermediate degrees of residual weakness, pain or limitation of motion ☐ Chronic residuals consisting of severe painful motion of weakness ☐ Other, describe:
☐ Arthroscopic or other shoulder surgery Type of surgery: Date of surgery:	☐ Arthroscopic or other shoulder surgery Type of surgery: Date of surgery:
☐ Residuals of arthroscopic or other shoulder surgery Describe residuals:	☐ Residuals of arthroscopic or other shoulder surgery Describe residuals:

Section XI - Other Pertinent Physical Findings, Complications, Conditions, Signs, Symptoms And Scars

11A. Does the Veteran have any other pertinent physical findings, complications, conditions, signs and/or symptoms related to any conditions listed in the diagnosis section above?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If **yes**, describe (brief summary):

11B. Does the Veteran have any scars (surgical or otherwise) related to any conditions or to the treatment of any conditions listed in the diagnosis section above?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If **yes**, are any of the scars painful or unstable, have a total area equal to or greater than 39 square cm (6 square inches); or are located on the head, face or neck?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If yes, also complete VA Form 21-0960f-1, scars/disfigurement.

If **No**, provide location and measurements of scar in centimeters.

Location: Measurements: length cm X width cm

NOTE: An "unstable scar" is one where, for any reason, there is frequent loss of covering of the skin over the scar. If there are multiple scars, enter additional Locations and measurements in Comment section below. It is not necessary to also complete a Scars DBQ.

11C. Comments, If Any:

Section XII - Assistive Devices

12A. Does the Veteran use any assistive device(s)?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If yes, identify assistive device(s) used (check all that apply and indicate frequency):

☐ Brace(s) Frequency of use: ☐ Occasional ☐ Regular ☐ Constant
☐ Other: Frequency of use: ☐ Occasional ☐ Regular ☐ Constant

12b. If the Veteran uses any assistive devices, specify the diagnosis/condition and identify the assistive device used for each condition:

Section XIII - Remaining Effective Function Of The Extremities

Due to the Veteran's shoulder or arm conditions, is there functional impairment of an extremity such that no effective function remains other than that which would be equally well served by an amputation with prosthesis?

(Functions of the upper extremity include grasping, manipulation, etc., while functions for the lower extremity include balance and propulsion, etc.)

☐ Yes, functioning is so diminished that amputation with prosthesis would equally serve the Veteran
☒ No

If yes, indicate extremities for which this applies:

☐ Right Upper ☐ Left Upper

For each checked extremity, identify the condition causing loss of function, describe loss of effective function and provide specific examples (brief summary):

NOTE: The intention of this section is to permit the examiner to quantify the level of remaining function; it is not intended to inquire whether the Veteran should undergo an amputation with fitting of a prosthesis. For example, if the functions of grasping (hand) or propulsion (foot) are as limited as if the Veteran had an amputation and prosthesis, the examiner should check "Yes" and describe the diminished functioning. The question simply asks whether the functional loss is to the same degree as if there were an amputation of the affected limb.

Section XIV - Diagnostic Testing

NOTE: Testing listed below is not indicated for every condition. The diagnosis of degenerative arthritis (osteoarthritis) or traumatic arthritis must be confirmed by imaging studies. Once such arthritis has been documented, No further imaging studies are required by VA, even if arthritis has worsened.

14A. Have imaging studies of the shoulder been performed and are the results available?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If yes, Is degenerative or traumatic arthritis documented?

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There are pertinent medical records for the complaint, symptomatology or diagnosis of the condition. (Please provide date and identify the type of medical record)

Medical record dated 05/01/2015 notes that Veteran reported to sick call

Medical Opinion and IU Diagnosis

Medical Opinion

Statement of Opinion Requested:

Is the Veteran's right shoulder condition at least as likely as not (50 percent or greater probability) incurred in or caused by his complaint of shoulder pain 05-01-15?

Opinion with Legally Recognized Phrase:

The Veteran's right shoulder condition is less likely than not (less than 50 percent probability) incurred in or caused by his complaint of shoulder pain 05-01-15.

Rationale:

The above opinion is based on thorough C-file review, review of all available medical records and current peer reviewed medical literature.

The Veteran is claiming service connection for Right shoulder condition. He is not previously rated for this condition. The Veteran's C-file and medical records were reviewed.

DOS 11/28/2011 to 05/30/2015

The Veteran's C-file was reviewed and Medical record dated 05/01/2015 notes that Veteran reported to sick call. However, the records were limited for complaints of right shoulder condition during active duty service. Therefore, it is less likely than not (less than 50 percent probability) Veteran's right shoulder condition was incurred in or caused by his complaint of shoulder pain 05-01-15.

Evidence of Record Considered:

- ☒ Medical Records were reviewed
- ☒ The Veteran's reported history
- ☒ Examination performed
- ☒ Other:

VBMS was reviewed

